

years of making summers matter

## Summer and Afterschool in the 2020 Presidential Race

January 29, 2020



@SummerLearning



### Welcome to the Webinar!

Please use the Q&A box to submit questions for discussion later in the webinar







### **TODAY'S SPEAKERS**



Emily Richmond
Public Editor
Education Writers
Association



Crystal Brown
National Vice President, Youth
Development Programs
Boys & Girls Clubs of America



Jennifer McCombs
Senior Policy Researcher
RAND Corporation



Rachel Gwaltney
Vice President, Policy &
Research
National Summer Learning
Association

## Education Themes on the Campaign Trail

**Emily Richmond** 

Education Writers
Association



Guidance for Presidential Campaigns: Why Summer Matters

**Rachel Gwaltney** 

National Summer Learning
Association



#### WHY SUMMER MATTERS

- Summer is the time of greatest inequity
- Lack of summer programs
   affects academic achievement
- Summer child care is difficult for working families
- Summer has a high return on investment
- States are investing in summer



https://www.summerlearning.org/knowledge-center/

#### **SUMMER BY THE NUMBERS**



report having a child in a summer program



The average cost of a summer program is \$288 per child per week



1 in 7 children who are eligible access subsidized summer meals



85% of families support public investment in summer learning programs

The National Academies of MEDICINE

# SHAPING SUMMERTIME EXPERIENCES

Opportunities to Promote Healthy Development and Well-Being for Children and Youth

NSLA Webinar January 29, 2020

Jennifer McCombs, RAND Corporation



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Examine summertime experiences affecting school-age children (rising K-12) across four areas of well-being:

- 1) academic learning and opportunities for enrichment;
- 2) social and emotional development;
- 3) physical and mental health and health-promoting behaviors;
- 4) safety, risk-taking, and anti-and pro-social behavior.



### **Committee Members**

#### MARTÍN-JOSÉ SEPÚLVEDA

(Chair)

**IBM** Corporation

#### KARL ALEXANDER

Thurgood Marshall Alliance

#### **NISHA BOTCHWEY**

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#### **DEBORAH MORONEY**

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#### **CHRIS SMITH**

Boston After School & Beyond

#### **RACHEL THORNTON**

Department of Pediatrics Johns Hopkins School of Medicine

### Study Methodology

- in-person closed session meetings (n=5)
- public information-gathering session (n=1)
- extensive review of the literature
- memos received from knowledgeable stakeholder organizations (n=13)
- information obtained from federal, state, and municipal entities
- papers commissioned (n=5) on summertime and—international programs and policies; juvenile justice and child welfare; policing; geography and the built environment

## Approach: Systems Perspective



Spring SUMMER Fall

### Summertime: Risks and Opportunities

#### Risks:

• changes in food security, medical services, structured activities, direct supervision, risk behaviors, sedentary time, weight, and unintentional injuries, particularly for disadvantaged children/youth

#### Opportunity:

 to engage and leverage the strengths and resources of youth, families, communities, and other stakeholders to improve the education, health, safety, and well-being

Opportunities and risks are unequally distributed between subgroups creating disparities in outcomes.



## Overarching Conclusions

- 1. Basic developmental needs must be met as a critical precondition for summer programs and services.
- 2. Those in less advantageous circumstances are at risk for worse outcomes.
- 3. The assets and priorities of families and communities are key.
- 4. Existing data sources and literature are insufficient to capture the effect of summer and summer programs on the outcomes of children and youth

## RECOMMENDATION: Enable Funding and Resources

 Enable the continuation during the summer months of school-year funding and resources for effective programs Example:
 In 2014, 84 percent of students
 who received free and reduced price meals during the school year
 did not receive meals from the
 Summer Food Service Program or
 other summer nutrition programs
 run by the USDA.

## RECOMMENDATION: Support Best Practices

#### Target summer programs that

- Focus on underserved children and youth
- Target specific needs of participants
- Meet needs in developmentally and culturally appropriate ways
- Identify specific outcomes and measurements
- Plan to promote strong attendance
- Are accessible
- Are of sufficient duration to meet desired outcomes



# RECOMMENDATION: Improve Coordination of Summer Experience

- Local government identify and fill gaps between needed and current programs and services
- Augment funding, technology, and in-kind supports to intermediaries working in summertime space

## RECOMMENDATION: Build Summertime Evidence

- Establish and maintain databases that allow for disaggregation of data by month
- Extend academic-year data collection to include the summer months when appropriate to the subject of the data collection
- Share data across systems when possible.

Example:

Department of Education's 21st
Century Community Learning Center
program should update the 21 APR
System to build on existing data and
reporting on summer, including data
on participants by type of program,
geography, and demographics.

## Thank you

To read or download a copy of the report, please visit: <a href="https://www.nas.edu/SummerOpportunities">www.nas.edu/SummerOpportunities</a>
Follow us on #SummerOpportunities

For more information about the study or dissemination activities, please contact:

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At Boys & Girls Clubs of America,

## We're Closing the Opportunity Gap

for the kids & teens who need us the most—preparing them to be the

Leaders, Innovators & Problem-Solvers Who Shape Our World.

**OUR VISION IS FOR EVERY YOUNG** PERSON WE SERVE TO **GRADUATE FROM** HIGH SCHOOL ON TIME WITH A PLAN FOR THE FUTURE, DEMONSTRATING GOOD **CHARACTER & CITIZENSHIP & LIVING A HEALTHY LIFESTYLE** 

**Unmatched Scale.** 

Unparalleled Reach.

155+ Years of Experience.



in urban

510 on U.S. military installations

1858 in public schools

1114 in rural communities

185 on Native lands

278 in public housing



Older teens (16+) having a high-quality Club Experience are 40%

MORE LIKELY TO GRADUATE FROM HIGH SCHOOL ON TIME.

Club 12<sup>th</sup> graders are 26%

#### **MORE LIKELY TO ABSTAIN**

from alcohol use than 12<sup>th</sup> graders nationally.

83% of Club members believe they can MAKE A DIFFERENCE IN THE COMMUNITY.

A \$1 investment in Boys & Girls Clubs returns

\$9.60 TO THE COMMUNITY.







- 1 We aspire to double the number of youth we serve annually from 4.3 million in 2017 to 8 million in 2025.
- We will deliver high-quality experiences in life readiness and workforce readiness in 100% of our Clubs.

We'll champion America's youth, ensuring they have opportunities based on their potential, not where they come from.





## Agenda for America's Youth

**OUT-OF-SCHOOL TIME OPPORTUNITIES** 

SAFER CHILDHOOD S

HEALTH & WELLNESS

EDUCATION, CAREER & LEADERSHIP

**EQUITY & INCLUSION** 





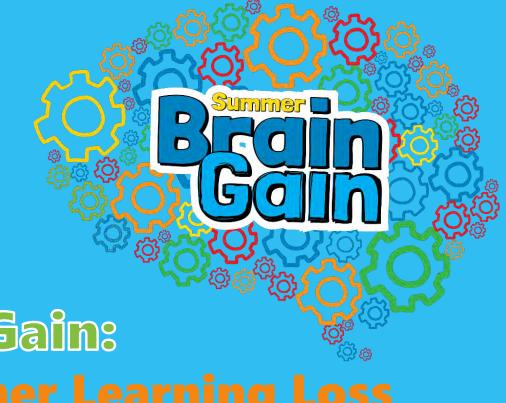
## **Our Approach**



Life & Work **READY** 

**Outcome** 

**Long Term Outcomes** 



Summer Brain Gain:

Preventing Summer Learning Loss with Project Based Enrichment

The achievement gap has nothing to do with young people's

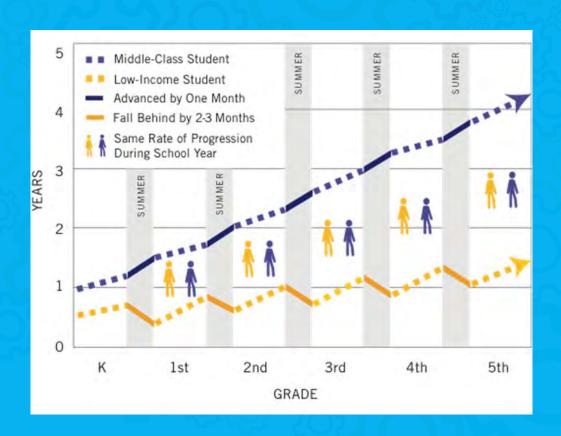
Middle Class

- **x** intrinsic ability to learn,
- **\*** motivation to learn,
- **x** or interest in learning.

It has everything to do with access to enrichment

Summer learning loss is an equity issue.

## Summer Learning Loss causes youth from low income families to fall behind their wealthier peers academically.





## **Programs Matter...**

 Studies show that six week summer learning programs can produce statistically significant gains in reading performance.

 Summer Brain Gain has been shown to prevent summer learning loss!

## **Summer Brain Gain Logic Model**

#### **Short-Term Outcomes**

Youth participate in fun, educational programming during the Summer.

Youth collaboratively engage in project-based learning with an added emphasis on literacy and STEM.



Youth explore a variety of careers related to the experiential activities in Summer Brain Gain.





#### **Intermediate Outcomes**

Youth return to school with no evidence of summer learning loss.

Youth build academic and social-emotional skills, including:

- Communicating
- Collaborating
- Identifying and Solving Problems
- Planning and Carrying Out Investigations
- Evaluating
- Persevering

Youth demonstrate postsecondary awareness and enjoyment of learning.

#### **Long-Term Outcomes**

Youth are effective learners, who know how to use the learning strategies that work for them.

Youth are engaged learners, who love learning and pursue their passions.

Youth are adaptive learners, who can apply skills to new situations.

Youth attendance, behavior, and coursework demonstrate that they are on track to graduate.

Youth are post-secondary ready and have a plan for the

## Federal Supports for Summer OST Programs

#### **Summer Food Service Program**

The USDA SFSP helps provide meals snacks and meals at no cost to low income youth.

Ask: Support Summer Meals and the Summer Meals Act to improve programs by:

- Streamlining the after school and summer application process.
- Improve the area eligibility to 40%
- Provide option of serving three meals
- Provide Transportation grants

Outcome: USDA Meal and snack programs are easier to implement

#### **Youth Mentoring**

Department of Justice program that strengths and enhances mentoring services for at risk youth.

Ask: Support \$120M for the Youth Mentoring Program

Outcome: More programs can utilize or expand the mentoring program and serve at-risk youth.

## 21st Century Community Learning Centers (21st CCLC)

Department of Education program for out-of-school time educational enrichment.

Ask: Support \$1.35B for the 21st CCLC programs

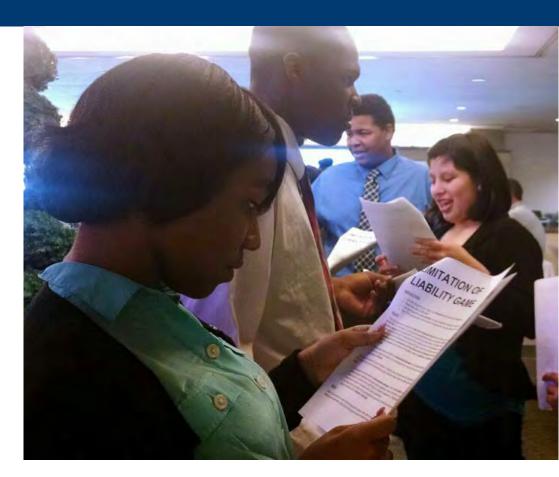
Outcome: More OST programs can utilize 21st CCLC for summer programing like academic enrichment, tutoring and STEM activities.

## Recommendations and Story Ideas



#### **RECOMMENDATIONS FOR CAMPAIGNS**

- Remove barriers for programs and families
- Expand the scope of services and target youth most in need
- Focus on quality
- Foster partnerships



#### **STORY STARTERS**

- Summer Meals: Hunger takes no summer vacation; How does your community measure up on summer nutrition?
- Quality in Summer Programs: What parents need to know
- Who and Where are Opportunity
  Youth During the Summer: Summer
  offers flexible learning time for
  disconnected youth
- Follow the Money: Implications of the President's budget on summer



Please use the Q&A box to submit questions





### www.summerlearning.org

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### **Knowledge Center**



## Thank You!

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